

Letter of Agreement

Between Maghreb vACC and Spain vACC



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1. Introduction

The purpose of this Letter of Agreement (LoA) is to define the coordination procedures between the FIRs of Madrid (LECM), Canarias (GCCC) and Casablanca (GMMM) for the Provision of AirTraffic Services.

The procedures in this LoA are for use on the VATSIM Network only and should never be adopted for real world use.

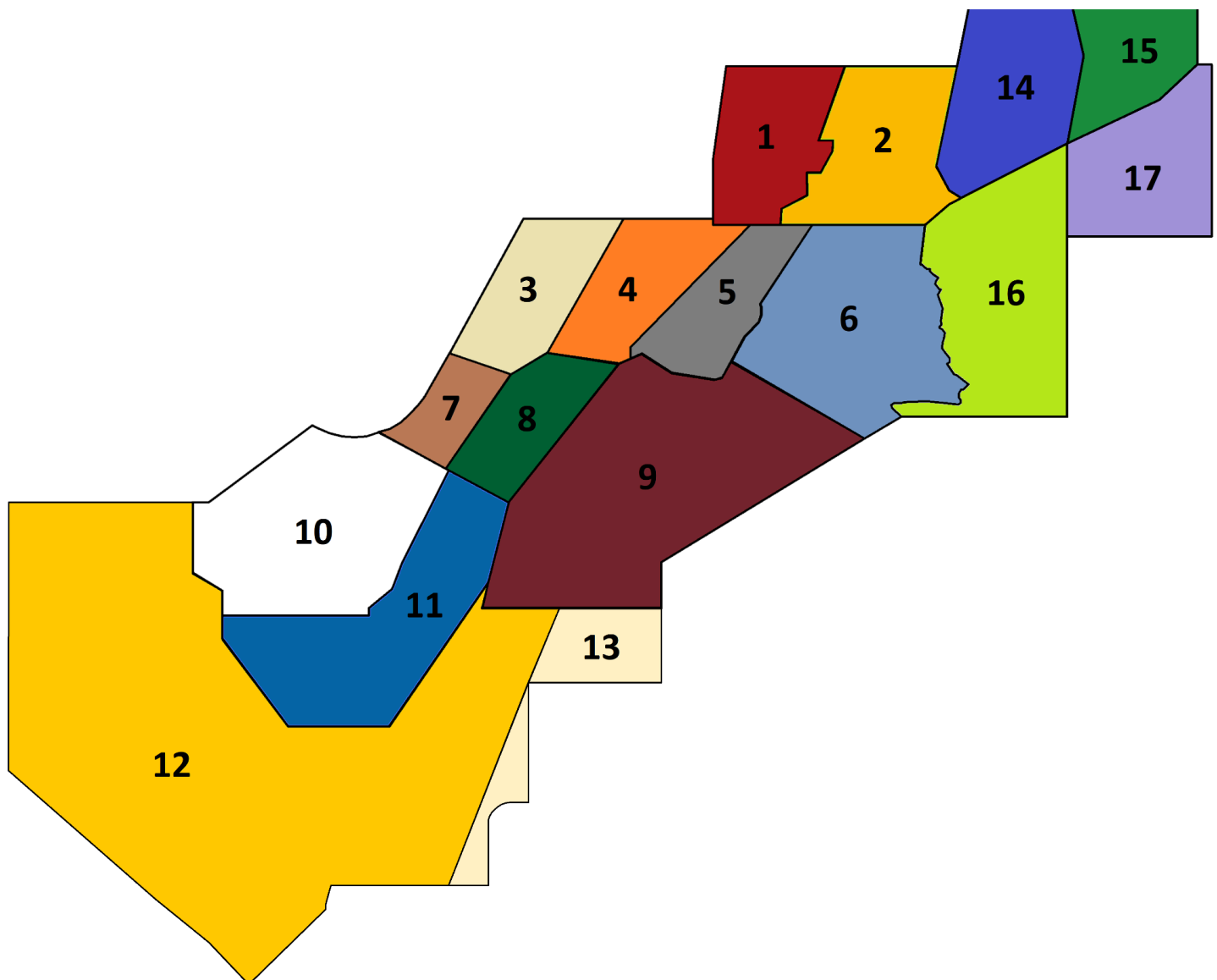
2. General Procedures

- Traffic shall be transferred to the neighbouring sector 10 NM before reaching its boundary.
- Traffic shall be transferred complying with the separation guidelines as of RVSM (5 NM horizontally / 1000 ft vertically).
- In case of having a sequence of traffic with the same destination, extra 5 NM shall be applied horizontally. Making a total horizontal separation of 10 NM.
- In case of traffic being transferred while climbing or descending, traffic shall be transferred 3000 ft before reaching its Cleared Flight Level.

2.1. Cruising flight levels

- Everything going towards mainland Spain will fly an EVEN Flight Level.
- Everything going towards the Canary Islands will fly an ODD Flight Level.

3. Sector Layout



3.1. Spain

| Position | Name | Frequency | Sector |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| LECS_SM2_CTR | Sevilla Control | 135.025 | 1 |
| LECS_NCS_CTR | Sevilla Control | 132.675 | 2 |
| LECS_CTR | Sevilla Control | 133.350 | 1 and 2 |
| LECM_ALL_CTR | Madrid Control | 133.755 | 1 and 2 |
| GCCC_RW3_CTR | Canarias Control | 126.500 | 10 |
| GCCC_RES_CTR | Canarias Control | 129.100 | 11 |
| GCCC_R6_CTR | Canarias Control | 123.650 | 10 and 11 |
| GCCO_CTR | Canarias Radio | 130.950 - 8861 kHz | 13 (below FL245) and 12 |
| LECB_LLI_CTR | Barcelona Control | 129.530 | 14 |
| LECB_MVS_CTR | Barcelona Control | 134.985 | 15 |
| LECB_RW_CTR | Barcelona Control | 134.455 | 14 |
| LECB_RE_CTR | Barcelona Control | 133.030 | 15 |
| LECB_RS_CTR | Barcelona Control | 126.650 | 14 and 15 |
| LECB_CTR | Barcelona Control | 132.355 | 14 and 15 |

Check Spain vACC sectors in the following link: [sectors](#)

3.2. Maghreb

| Position | Name | Frequency | Sector |
|-------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|
| GMAC_ON_CTR | Agadir Radar | 136.000 | 3 |
| GMAC_OS_CTR | Agadir Radar | 124.500 | 7 |
| GMAC_O_CTR | Agadir Radar | 136.000 | 3 and 7 |
| GMAC_WN_CTR | Agadir Radar | 128.800 | 4 |
| GMAC_WS_CTR | Agadir Radar | 127.000 | 8 |
| GMAC_W_CTR | Agadir Radar | 128.800 | 4 and 8 |
| GMAC_CTR | Agadir Radar | 124.500 | 3, 4, 7 and 8 |
| GMMM_N_CTR | Casablanca Radar | 125.500 | 5 |
| GMMM_S_CTR | Casablanca Radar | 126.700 | 9 |

| | | | |
|--------------|------------------|---------|--------------------|
| GMMM_E_CTR | Casablanca Radar | 125.100 | 6 |
| GMMM_NE_CTR | Casablanca Radar | 127.100 | 5 and 6 |
| GMMM_CTR | Casablanca Radar | 126.500 | 5, 6 and 9 |
| GMMM_ALL_CTR | Casablanca Radar | 131.925 | 3 to 9 |
| DAAA_NO_CTR | Algiers Control | 125.700 | 16 |
| DAAA_CTR | Algiers Control | 124.900 | 16 and 17 |
| DAAA_AI_CTR | Algiers Control | 127.300 | 17 (SFC - FL245) |
| DAAA_AS_CTR | Algiers Control | 132.450 | 17 (FL245 - FL450) |

Check Maghreb vACC sectors in the following link: [sectors](#)

The positions that are above in the table have priority over those that are below

4. Neighbouring Airports With Coordinated Descent

4.1. Tanger (GMITT)

The location of Tanger airport makes coordination quite challenging as 90% of the descent of planes inbound from the north will be handled by Spanish ATC. In consequence the arrival shall be given by Spanish ATC as well. All transfers regarding planes inbound Tanger from Spanish ATC will be done directly to GMITT_APP (Ibn Batouta Approach - 121.200) if online, otherwise to GMMM_N_CTR, GMMM_CTR or GMMM_ALL_CTR.

Arrivals:

| Via | RWY 28 (preferential) | RWY 10 | Altitude at FIX | Transfer Point |
|-------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------|--------------------|
| ABIRO | ABIRO 2A | ABIRO 1A | FL100 at BAMBA | 10 NM before BAMBA |
| NORLO | NORLO 2A | NORLO 1A | FL060 at ADKIM | 10 NM before ADKIM |
| LAMAD | LAMAD 2A | LAMAD 1A | FL100 at GALTO | 10 NM before GALTO |

Departures:

All Departures towards Spanish Airspace will be instructed to climb to FL100 and 3000 ft before reaching that altitude will be transferred to the appropriate Spanish ATS.

4.2. Tetouan (GMTN)

Just like Tanger, Tetouan is quite a challenging airport when it comes to coordination as well. Tetouan doesn't receive as much traffic so the arrival procedures are quite a bit easier. Tetouan does not have any STAR procedure and only one runway has an established approach procedure.

Arrivals:

Arrivals shall be instructed to descent to FL70 and be transferred 10 NM before reaching GALTO to GMTN_TWR (Saniat R'mel Tower - 119.000) procedural.

Departures:

Departures will be instructed to climb to FL60 and 3000 ft before reaching that altitude will be transferred to the appropriate Spanish ATS.

4.3. Málaga (LEMG)

The sunny airport in Costa del Sol might not be as challenging as Tanger when it comes to ATC coordination but still is situated close enough for it to have some coordination to be done between the two ATS providers.

Arrivals:

| Via | RWY 12/13 (preferential) | RWY 31 |
|-------|-----------------------------|----------|
| PIMOS | PIMOS 1A | PIMOS 1B |
| EPATA | EPATA 1A | EPATA 1B |
| VJF | VJF 1A | VJF 1B |

4.4. Gibraltar (LXGB)

The strategically well-situated British airport makes coordination quite complicated. As a reminder, Gibraltar is controlled by VATSIMUK.

Arrivals:

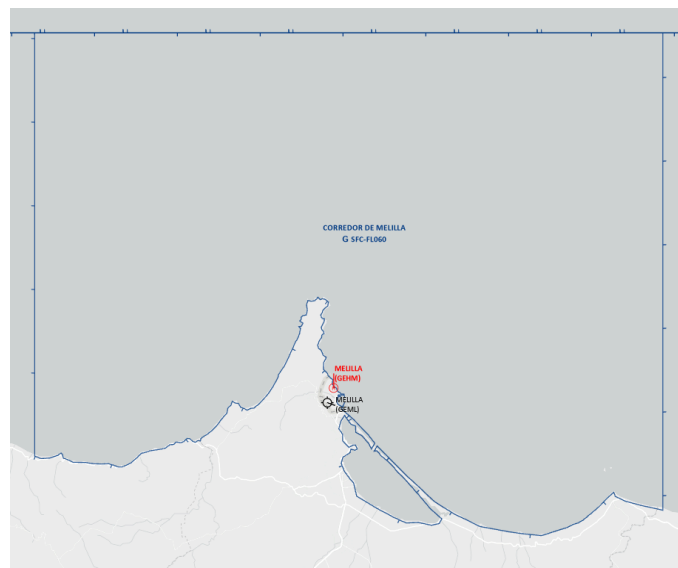
Arrivals from the south to Gibraltar are unlikely but possible. There are two possible entries:

- Via BAMBA, in which case arrival will be provided by Spanish controllers and later on transferred to Casablanca for further descent. From BARPA to PIMOS the ATC service will be provided by Gibraltar Approach. If offline, traffic may be told to switch over to Unicom.
- Via GALTO, in which case the arrival will be provided by Casablanca and later on transferred directly to Gibraltar Approach.

4.5. Melilla (GEML)

For the purpose of simplification Casablanca has delegated a box of airspace around Melilla to the Area Control Center of Seville. Thanks to that, planes transiting from Spain to Melilla won't have to change unnecessarily between frequencies.

As seen in the image below, this delegation of airspace goes from surface up to FL60. From FL70 onwards, this airspace is controlled by Casablanca.



4.6. Dakhla international airport (GMMH)

Traffic with destination GMMH shall be transferred from Casablanca Radar to Canarias Radio (GCCO_CTR) 10 NM before the waypoint SOLNA. GCCO_CTR makes the handoff to GMMH_APP (Dakhla Approach - 119.500) when cleared to FL090. If GMMH_APP, GMMM_S_CTR, GMMM_CTR nor GMMM_ALL_CTR is connected, GCCO_CTR must transfer the traffic to unicom.

Traffic departing from GMMH shall be instructed from GMMH_APP to climb FL080. GMMH_APP makes the handoff to GCCO_CTR.

4.7. Hassan I international airport (GMML)

Traffic in Canarias airspace with destination GMML shall be instructed to descend FL130 and handoff to GMML_APP (Hassan I Approach - 127.500). If GMML_APP, GMMM_S_CTR, GMMM_CTR nor GMMM_ALL_CTR is connected and the traffic is in Canarias airspace, Canarias must transfer the traffic to unicom.

Traffic departing from GMML shall be instructed from GMMH_APP to climb FL120.

4.8. Lanzarote (GCRR)

Coordination is not very complicated for Lanzarote, but traffic arriving GCRR via TERTO or DEVL A must begin the descent and have a STAR assigned before entering the Canary Islands airspace because the TOD is usually found in the Casablanca FIR.

RWY 03 (preferential)

| Via | STAR | Altitude at FIX |
|-------|----------|-----------------|
| TERTO | TERTO 1P | FL290 at TERTO |
| DEVLA | DEVLA 4P | FL150 at DEVLA |

RWY 21

| Via | STAR | Altitude at FIX |
|-------|----------|-----------------|
| TERTO | TERTO 5Q | FL250 at TERTO |
| DEVLA | DEVLA 5Q | FL150 at DEVLA |

4.9. Fuerteventura (GCFV)

Pretty much the same as Lanzarote, traffic arriving GCFV via RUSIK must begin the descent and have a STAR assigned before entering the Canary Islands airspace because the TOD is usually found in the Casablanca FIR.

| Via | RWY 01 (preferential) | RWY 19 | Altitude at FIX |
|-------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------|
| RUSIK | RUSIK 4S | RUSIK 5W | FL200 at RUSIK |

4.10. Canaries Airports (GCCC)

Agadir or Casablanca Radar shall assign STARs for traffic arriving to Canarias via KONBA, SAMAR, VASTO, TERTO and RUSIK. Active runways coordination between Canarias and Casablanca/Agadir is compulsory (VCCS or text). In case there is no ATC in the arriving airport, it is at discretion of Casablanca/Agadir Radar to check the METAR and assign a STAR (preferential runways are those which are above in the table).

| To | Runway | STAR |
|------|------------|----------|
| GCFV | 01 | RUSIK4S* |
| | | TERTO7S |
| | 19 | RUSIK5W* |
| | | TERTO8W |
| GCRR | 03 | DEVLA4P* |
| | | TERTO1P* |
| | 21 | DEVLA5Q* |
| | | TERTO5Q* |
| GCLP | 03L 03R | RUSIK7Z |
| | | TERTO9Z |
| | | SAMAR6C |
| | | KONBA6C |
| | 21R 21L | RUSIK3D |
| | | TERTO7D |
| | | SAMAR5D |
| | | KONBA5D |

| To | Runway | STAR |
|------|--------|---------|
| GCTS | 07 | RUSIK2K |
| | | TERTO2Y |
| | | KONBA2X |
| | 25 | RUSIK2U |
| | | TERTO2U |
| | | KONBA2Z |
| GCXO | 12 | TERTO7S |
| | | TERTO8W |
| | 30 | RUSIK4S |
| | | RUSIK5W |
| GCLA | 36 | KONBA3V |
| | | RUSIK1T |
| | | TERTO7V |
| | 18 | TERTO4T |
| | | RUSIK4X |
| | | KONBA1Y |

*see 4.8. and 4.9.

5. Amendment History

| Revision | Effective Date | Notes |
|----------|------------------|--|
| 1 | 10 January 2020 | First publication |
| 2 | 1 July 2022 | Staff, logo and Moroccan Sahara operation's updated |
| 3 | 25 January 2024 | Format, logos, names, sectors and procedures updated. Added various airports |
| 4 | 9 June 2024 | STARs of GCTS updated |
| 5 | 6 September 2024 | STARs of GCLP updated |

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